



Nutrition, Food, Dietary Requirements and Food Handling Policy

Policy Number: 24
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Rationale and Policy Considerations

Lifestreamers Childcare understands it has a duty of care to ensure that children's nutritional needs are met and food is prepared and stored safely. Good nutrition is essential to healthy living and enables children to be active participants in play and leisure. All children have the right to develop to their full potential in an environment which provides for their health and wellbeing.

Children are especially prone to food borne illness because their immune systems are still developing and they cannot fight infection as well as adults can. The main causes of food borne illness are inadequate cooking; improper holding temperatures, contaminated equipment; unsafe food sources; and poor personal hygiene.

The Education and Care Services National Law Act 2010 requires that approved provider/nominated supervisor/coordinators take reasonable care to protect children from foreseeable risk of harm, injury and infection.

Legislation and Government Requirements

Department of Health. IM ALERT
Food Standards Australia New Zealand Act 1991
Education and Care Services National Law Act 2012
Education and Care Services National Regulations

Purpose

To provide snacks that are nutritious, appetising and that meet the Dietary Guidelines for Children and Adolescents.

Children's needs

Balanced diet; their food preferences to be respected; food allergies responded to; special diets followed; appetising, colourful food; opportunities to try new foods; regular mealtimes; children allowed to eat at their own pace; relaxed, pleasant eating experience.

Families' needs

Their religious and cultural beliefs and practices and lifestyle choices in relation to food are respected; input into and feedback about what and when their child eats.

Educator/Staff needs

Appropriate resources and facilities to provide for each child's daily nutritional needs; training for food handlers.

Management needs

Be informed of any issues in relation to food provision that may impact on the management of the service.

Scope

This policy is for all employees, children and families of Lifestreamers Childcare.

Policy Statement

Meal and snack times will provide positive learning experiences for children who will be encouraged to develop healthy eating habits. Parents/Guardians will be consulted and asked to share family and multicultural values and experiences to enrich the variety and enjoyment of food planned to meet each child's daily nutritional needs. The service will strictly follow recommended safe food storage and preparation guidelines contained within the Dietary Guidelines for Children and Adolescents in Australia to ensure children's protection from food borne illness.

Policy Principles



Training and professional development

- Educators and food preparation staff will be provided with annual professional development to refresh their knowledge of food handling and hygiene practices. New staff to the service will be required to complete training within two months of appointment.
- Educators, students and volunteers role model healthy eating behaviours and practices and follow the Nutrition, Food, Dietary Requirements and Food Handling Policy.

Personal hygiene and health of food handlers

New staff will be inducted into the centre and be required to follow the principles and practices with regard to Personal Health and Hygiene. Existing staff will read the policy each year as a refresher to ensure standards are met. The most important things to know are:

- Fingernails, jewellery and hair
 - When preparing food, wear gloves over jewellery on hands if they are in direct contact with food
- Eating
 - Do not eat over unprotected food (that will be served to others) or food contact surfaces.
- Hand washing
 - Food handlers are expected to wash their hands whenever their hands are likely to contaminate food, this includes washing their hands:
 - immediately before working with ready-to-eat food or after handling raw food
 - immediately after using the toilet
 - before they start handling food or go back to handling food after other work
 - after smoking, coughing, sneezing, using a handkerchief or disposable tissue, eating, drinking or using tobacco or similar substances
 - after touching their hair, scalp or a body opening
- Correct hand washing procedure:
 - Use the hand washing facilities provided by the centre
 - Clean their hands thoroughly using soap
 - Use warm running water
 - Dry their hands thoroughly on a single use towel
- The health of food handlers
 - It is very important that people who may be suffering from or carrying certain illnesses or suffering from some conditions do not handle food or food contact surfaces. This is particularly important if they are likely to contaminate food while they are working.
 - If a food handler has been diagnosed with any of the following food borne diseases: Hepatitis A; Norovirus; Typhoid fever; Shigellosis; or Staphylococcal or Streptococcal disease the food handler will cease all contact with food and food contact surfaces; and not return to food handling duties until medical clearance is provided.
 - If a food handler has an exposed wound or cut or infected skin sore, they will cover it with a bandage and highly visible waterproof covering.
 - If a food handler has any discharge from their ears, nose or eyes, they will take medication to stop any nasal or other discharge that may contaminate the food.
 - The supervisor will not disclose any of the above medical information to anyone with the exception of the proprietor of the business or a food enforcement officer, without the consent of the food handler. The company will not use this information for any purpose other than to protect food from contamination.

Provision of healthy nutritious snacks and meals

- The weekly menu must be displayed in an accessible and prominent area for parents to view.
- Food preparation facilities will be maintained in a hygienic condition in accordance with Health, Hygiene and Infection Control policy.



- The service will provide children with balanced snacks consistent with the Australian Government Healthy Eating and Physical Activity Guidelines for Early Childhood Settings and/or the Dietary Guidelines for Children and Adolescents in Australia, that meet the recommended daily nutritional needs of children within each age grouping, are adequate in quantity, and take into account the child's growth and development needs.
- Snack and meal times will be treated as social occasions. Educators will sit with the children and interact with them to encourage healthy eating habits and an appreciation of a variety of foods. Older children will remain seated at the table until the majority have finished, encouraging all children to complete their meal.
- School age children will be encouraged and supervised to assist in preparation, serving and cleaning up at snack time.
- School age children will be encouraged to make healthy choices that complement recognised dietary guidelines and to adopt socially acceptable behaviours when sitting and eating food together.
- In following with dietary guidelines, children will be discouraged from eating lollies, soft drink etc. while at the centre. Furthermore, children will be encouraged to drink water or milk in cups or bottles. Juice and cordial will not be served to children. Parents who supply these drinks in their child's bottle will be asked to provide another bottle for their child while at the centre. The juice bottle will be kept in the fridge for the child to drink on the way home. Water will be available for the children at all times.
- Educators will ensure they role model healthy eating. This means maintaining good personal nutrition and eating with the children at meal times.
- Snack and meal times will be set to a regular schedule but individual needs will be accommodated.
- The importance of good healthy food, and hygienic and safe food handling and storage practices will be discussed with children as part of their daily program.
- Educators will be aware of children with food allergies, food intolerances and special diets and their individual health management plans.
- Mealtimes will be used to discuss cultural differences and similarities. These issues will also be addressed throughout the course of the program both in planned and spontaneous experiences.
- All children and educators/staff will wash their hands with soap and running water and dry well prior to preparing, serving or eating food.
- Children will be encouraged to help set up and pack away the eating area. All children will be encouraged to feed themselves and staff will be available to help if needed.
- It is the parent's responsibility to ensure that the staff are made aware of any allergies or food restrictions. In some cases, parents will be asked to provide special foods for allergy needs. Allergy and food restriction information will be requested from parents annually to enable accurate updating.
- Information relevant to child and family health, nutrition, hygiene and dental care will be available to parents. Furthermore, new information will be passed on to parents through the centre's newsletter.
- Food will not be used as a reward, nor will children be denied food as a punishment.
- Families will be responsible for providing a healthy packed lunch and a piece of fruit for their child each day. Children attending without lunch will be provided with lunch and the families will be charged \$6.00 for this service.
- The centre will provide afternoon tea each day.
- Parents will be invited to provide cupcakes or biscuits for their child's birthday. These food items will be nut free. Families are required to give permission as part of the enrolment procedure for their child/ren to consume cakes supplied by families.
- Cakes will only be served to children on birthdays. Any other special events will be organised by the Lifestreamers Childcare team to reduce the consumption of sweet snacks.
- Children will always be supervised when eating.

Consulting and communicating with families

- Children will be encouraged to try new food but will never be forced to eat. Their food likes and dislikes and the family's religious and cultural beliefs or family lifestyle i.e. vegetarianism, will always be respected. The



centre will discuss with families which mealtime practices can be accommodated within the service and those which cannot, due to health or hygiene concerns.

- Where children are on special diets the parents/guardians will be asked to provide a list of suitable foods and their child's food preferences. A Health Management Plan will be completed by management in consent with parent/guardian detailing allergies. Medical confirmation of a child's allergies will be required. Refer also to the service's Anaphylaxis Policy, and Medications and Medical Conditions Policy.

Dietary guidelines for children and adolescents

- Encourage and support breast-feeding.
- Children need sufficient nutritious foods to grow and develop normally.
- Physical activity is important for all children and adolescents.
- Enjoy a wide variety of nutritious foods.
- Children and adolescents should be encouraged to:
 - Eat plenty of vegetables, legumes and fruits
 - Eat plenty of cereals (including breads, rice, pasta and noodles), preferably wholegrain
 - Include lean meat, fish, poultry and/or alternatives
 - Include milks, yoghurts, cheeses and/or alternatives. Reduced fat milks are not suitable for young children under 2 years, because of their high energy needs, but reduced fat varieties should be encouraged for older children and adolescents
 - Choose water as a drink
 - Alcohol is not recommended for children
- Care should be taken to:
 - Limit saturated fats and moderate total fat intake
 - Low fat diets are not suitable for infants
 - Consume only moderate amounts of sugars and foods containing added sugars
 - Choose low-salt foods
 - Care for your child's food: prepare and store it safely

Heating of Solids

- Solid foods must only be heated once, stirring to avoid "hot spots" which could cause burns to a child's mouth and throat. Check that food has cooled enough before giving it to a child. Remove a small piece of food with a spoon to another plate and test the temperature with your hand. Throw this piece of food away and get a clean spoon. Never blow on a child's food as a means of cooling it down; this spreads your germs onto the food.
- If food has been heated up and there are leftovers, these can be used for the child for up to 4 hours, after this time they will be sent home so the parent/guardian can see how much has been eaten but it is recommended this food is no longer safe to be given to your child for consumption.

Guidelines for Infants

- Feeding schedules will be flexible for children under 12 months of age.
- Breastfeeding and Expressed Breast Milk (EBM)
 - Where possible, the service may also support mothers who are able to return to the service to breastfeed their child throughout the day. It is essential that services recognize that families have the right to decide whether they will breastfeed their child while they are at the service and each family's decision should be accepted and respected.
 - Arrangements for comfortable breastfeeding at the centre can be made. Alternatively breastmilk can be expressed for feeding by the educators.
 - Parents will give EBM to staff immediately upon arrival to the centre to be placed in the refrigerator in bottles clearly labelled
- Infant Formula



- Bottles containing the correct measurements of boiled water and the correct amount of formula for each bottle can be brought in for staff to make up; these need to be clearly labelled
- Heating Bottles
 - Bottles will only be heated up once. Allowing the bottle to cool and then reheating can allow germs to grow
 - Bottles will not be warmed up in the microwave as there is a risk the heat can be distributed unevenly, to heat bottles our procedure is:
 - Stand the bottle in a container of hot water for no more than 15 minutes
 - Before feeding the infant, check the temperature of the milk by letting a little drop onto the inside of wrist - it should feel comfortably warm or even a little bit cool

Dental Health

- The centre liaises with families to establish dental health practices that are workable at home and at the centre.
- The centre systematically incorporates information on dental health practices into the children's program, including tooth brushing, 'tooth friendly' snacks, and going to the dentist.
- Children will be encouraged to drink water to remove food debris after every meal or snack.
- Children will be served nutritious snacks, which limit the sugar intake and avoids items such as lollies, chocolates, sweet drinks etc.
- Children will be given water while at the centre. **Bottles with juice will not be given to children as it increases the risk of cavities.**
- Children with bottles for rest time will be given these before rest times, followed by water to rinse their mouth. Bottles will not remain where they can be sucked over an extended period. Where possible, children will be given water in their bottles to help prevent decay.
- Information on effective tooth brushing techniques will be provided to families.
- When cleaning teeth is included in the program, each child's individual toothbrush will be rinsed after each use and stored in clean individual, enclosed containers and sent home.
- Educator's role model good dental health practices.
- The centre will provide information to families on dental health principles relating to different age groups of children, as recommended by recognised health and dental health authorities. Wherever possible this information will be provided in families home languages.
- The centre will be aware of dental first aid. Arrangements are made for dental health professionals to visit the service to talk with educators, children and families about dental health.

Educators who Breastfeed at the Service

- The service recognizes the importance and benefits of breastfeeding and that many women will return to work before they wish to wean their children. Requests for allowances to be made for educators to continue breastfeeding, once they have returned to work at the service, will be treated sympathetically and reasonably and all efforts will be made to support the educator in her choice to continue breastfeeding her child.
- On return to work from maternity leave, female educators may seek to change their work arrangements. The returning staff member will have a meeting with the Nominated Supervisor to try and work out an arrangement which suits the educator, the Nominated Supervisor and also the running of the service. The service will provide Lactation Breaks for the educator to express milk or breastfeed her child. The Nominated Supervisor will be reasonably flexible as to when these occur.
- Breast milk that has been expressed will be refrigerated at 0-4 degree Celsius.

Cultural Differences



- If your family has cultural beliefs that you wish staff to observe with your child, please communicate this to the educators and write this on your child's enrolment form.

Related Documents

- Education and Care Services National Law Act 2010(Vic) - Section 3(2)(a); 167
- Education and Care Services National Regulations: 77- 80; 90-92;
- National Quality Standard for Early Childhood Education and Care and School Age Care (Nov 2010) - Element 2.2.1; Element 3.1.1; Element 3.1.2; Element 4.2.1; Element 6.1.2; Element 6.2.1
- Early Years Learning Framework for Australia - Practice: Responsiveness to children; Intentional teaching; Cultural competence - Outcomes: 1, 2, 3
- Framework for School Age Care in Australia - Practice: Collaboration with children; Intentionality; Cultural competence - Outcomes: 1, 2, 3
- Monthly Newsletters
- Hand washing procedure
- Special Diet Record

Links to other policies

The following policies may be linked to this policy:

- Diversity and Inclusion
- Health, Hygiene and Infection Control
- Maintenance of a Safe Environment
- Medication and Medical Conditions
- Occupational Safety and Health
- Anaphylaxis
- Partnerships and Communication with Families
- Supervision

Further sources

Australian Government Healthy Eating and Physical Activity Guidelines for Early Childhood Settings - Retrieved April 11, 2011, from <http://www.health.gov.au/internet/main/publishing.nsf/content/healthy-eating-guidelines>

Children Youth and Women's Health Service - Parenting and Child Health - Food Safety - Retrieved April 11, 2011, from <http://www.cyh.com/HealthTopics/HealthTopicDetails.aspx?p=114&np=303&id=1618>

Children Youth and Women's Health Service - Parenting and Child Health - Teeth - Dental care for children - Retrieved April 11, 2011, from <http://www.cyh.com/HealthTopics/HealthTopicDetails.aspx?p=114&np=301&id=2519>

Diabetes Australia website - information about living with diabetes - Retrieved April 11, 2011, from <http://www.diabetesaustralia.com.au/>

Food Standards Australia New Zealand - food standards, consumer information, fact sheets - Retrieved April 11, 2011, from <http://www.foodstandards.gov.au/> **Fresh for Kids website - information on nutrition and recipes** - Retrieved April 11, 2011, from <http://www.freshforkids.com.au/index2.html>

Healthy Kids Association - information on nutrition and healthy eating - Retrieved April 11, 2011, from <http://www.healthy-kids.com.au/>

Healthy Kids website - Provides information resources and ideas on physical activity and healthy eating for children and young people - Retrieved April 11, 2011, from <http://www.healthykids.nsw.gov.au/>

Heart Foundation - Eat Smart Play Smart - order manual, download information sheets and recipes - Retrieved April 11, 2011, from

http://www.heartfoundation.org.au/Healthy_Living/Healthy_Kids/Eat_Smart_Play_Smart/Pages/default.asp
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National Health and Medical Research Council - *Staying Healthy in Child Care - 4th Edition 2005 - Food Safety*

- Retrieved April 11, 2011, from <http://www.nhmrc.gov.au/files/nhmrc/file/publications/synopses/ch43.pdf>

Nutrition Australia - *resources and fact sheets* - Retrieved April 11, 2011, from <http://www.nutritionaustralia.org/national/resources>

Sids and Kids - *Information statement - Breast feeding* - Retrieved April 11, 2011, from http://www.sidsandkids.org/wp-content/uploads/Information-Statement-BF-2009_Cit-sug.pdf

The Australian Healthy Eating Guide - Retrieved April 11, 2011, from [http://www.health.gov.au/internet/main/publishing.nsf/content/E384CFA588B74377CA256F190004059B/\\$FILE/fd-cons.pdf](http://www.health.gov.au/internet/main/publishing.nsf/content/E384CFA588B74377CA256F190004059B/$FILE/fd-cons.pdf)
www.nutritionaustralia.org/national/resource/dietary-guidelines-children-and-adolescents

Document History

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